

ICRAMCS 2026

THE EIGHTH EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON
RESEARCH IN APPLIED MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

April 23-24-25, 2026 | Marrakech, Morocco



A Stochastic Early Warning System for Detecting Environmental Shocks in Morocco

Communication Info

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Keywords:

(1) Stochastic Modeling

(2) Early Warning Signals

(3) Environmental Risk

Abstract

In Morocco, environmental shocks like heat waves, droughts, and heavy precipitation are posing a growing danger to water security and ecological stability [1].

Detecting early signals of these transitions remains a central challenge in applied mathematics and environmental risk modeling. This work provides a Stochastic Early Warning System (SEWS) that uses a probabilistic dynamic framework to model environmental indicators, such as temperature fluctuations, precipitation anomalies, and drought indices [2].

We use historical Moroccan meteorological data, empirical validation, and reliable statistical inference techniques to determine parameters in order to extract early warning signals [3]. The findings demonstrate that the recommended approach provides practical and mathematically based tools for proactive environmental monitoring and climate resilience planning, offering notable lead times prior to documented environmental stress occurrences.

© ICRAMCS 2026 Proceedings ISSN: 2605-7700

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